

Market Recap

June 2024



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Asset Class Performance



Source: Morningstar Direct. As of June 30, 2024. *Hedge fund returns are as of May 31, 2024.

Fixed Income (June)

- + Despite continued volatility, fixed income markets posted positive returns as rates fell slightly during the month.
- + High yield corporate bonds had a positive return on the back of tightening credit spreads.
- + Non-U.S. debt had a modestly positive return amid mixed rate environments and a strengthening U.S. Dollar.

Equity (June)

- + U.S. markets were mixed in June. Concentrated leadership and hype around artificial intelligence benefitted large cap while small cap declined.
- International developed markets were negative on increased volatility from divergent central bank policies and election-related risks.
- + Emerging markets increased on positive returns in India due to expected rate cuts and optimism around economic growth.

Real Asset / Alternatives (June)

- + REITs were positive during the month on expectations of declining rates.
- Commodity markets were broadly negative in June, with weakness across various underlying sub-components outside of energy.
- + Real assets modestly declined as falling commodity prices were offset by increasing real estate returns.



Fixed Income Market Update

U.S. Treasury Yield Curve

Interest rates fell across the U.S. yield curve during June. Markets continue to grapple with Federal Reserve language around the direction of rates amid disinflationary progress.



Credit Market Spreads – Trailing 5 Years

Corporate fundamentals, both in investment grade and high yield, continue to remain positive. This, combined with a favorable demand environment given the all-in yield levels has pushed spreads tighter. Both sectors sit well below their 10-year averages.



See disclosures for list of indices representing each asset class. Past performance does not indicate future performance and there is a possibility of a loss. Indices cannot be invested in directly.

Index Performance Attribution (June 2024)

Corporate spread areas outperformed similar duration Treasuries in the period. A resilient economic backdrop and strong consumer have provided support for non-government sectors. Currency return had a negative impact on non-U.S. debt in June.



Equity Market Update

Market Capitalization & Style Performance (June 2024)

Broadly, large cap and growth outperformed small cap and value during the month. Artificial Intelligence hype continued to benefit mega cap names in the U.S., while other developed markets lagged on diverging central bank policies and mixed economic results. "Risk-on" sentiment also benefitted emerging markets broadly.

U.S. Equities – Returns by Sector (June 2024)

Positive economic data helped fuel the "risk-on" sentiment in June and the S&P 500 closed the month at a record high. Concentration outperformed at the top of the index with the "magnificent seven" comprising over 30% of the index. Cyclicals lagged amid the growth rally.



MTD

YTD

18.9

Real Asset Market Update

Commodity Performance (June 2024)

Energy rose in June on rising oil demand and subsequently increasing prices. Other commodity sectors fell during June. Agriculture was impacted by negative pressure in the grains and cocoa markets, while industrial metals fell on declining demand for copper.

REIT Sector Performance (June 2024)

REITs posted a gain in June with nearly all sectors posting positive results. Residential and self storage increased on growing rents while the lodging/resorts sector declined slightly on expected decreases in business and leisure travel.



Financial Markets Performance

| Periods greater than one year are annualized All returns are in U.S. dollar terms | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Bloomberg 1-3-Month T-Bill | 0.4% | 2,7% | 5.5% | 3,1% | 2.2% | 2,1% | 1.5% | 1.0% |
| Bloomberg U.S. TIPS | 0.8% | 0.7% | 2.7% | -1.3% | 2.1% | 2.5% | 1.9% | 3.1% |
| Bloomberg Municipal Bond (5 Year) | 1.1% | -0.8% | 2.3% | -0.6% | 0.8% | 1.4% | 1.6% | 2.4% |
| Bloomberg High Yield Municipal Bond | 2.4% | 4.1% | 8.9% | 0.1% | 3.0% | 4.3% | 4.7% | 6.4% |
| Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate | 0.9% | -0.7% | 2.6% | -3.0% | -0.2% | 0.9% | 1.3% | 2.5% |
| Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield | 0.9% | 2.6% | 10.4% | 1.6% | 3.9% | 4.2% | 4.3% | 7.4% |
| Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Hedged | 0.8% | 0.7% | 5.3% | -0.5% | 0.5% | 1.9% | 2.5% | 3.1% |
| Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Unhedged | -0.5% | -5.3% | -0.7% | -7.5% | -3.6% | -1.6% | -1.9% | 0.2% |
| Bloomberg U.S. Long Gov / Credit | 1.1% | -4.1% | -1.6% | -8.5% | -2.2% | 0.1% | 1.6% | 4.2% |
| Global Equity Markets | MTD | YTD | 1YR | 3YR | 5YR | 7YR | 10YR | 15YR |
| S&P 500 | 3.6% | 15.3% | 24.6% | 10.0% | 15.0% | 14.3% | 12.9% | 14.8% |
| Dow Jones Industrial Average | 1.2% | 4.8% | 16.0% | 6.4% | 10.3% | 11.4% | 11.3% | 13.4% |
| VASDAQ Composite | 6.0% | 18.6% | 29.6% | 7.8% | 18.2% | 17.4% | 16.1% | 17.5% |
| Russell 3000 | 3.1% | 13.6% | 23.1% | 8.1% | 14.1% | 13.5% | 12.1% | 14.5% |
| Russell 1000 | 3.3% | 14.2% | 23.9% | 8.7% | 14.6% | 13.9% | 12.5% | 14.7% |
| Russell 1000 Growth | 6.7% | 20.7% | 33.5% | 11.3% | 19.3% | 18.6% | 16.3% | 17.3% |
| Russell 1000 Value | -0.9% | 6.6% | 13.1% | 5.5% | 9.0% | 8.6% | 8.2% | 11.8% |
| Russell Mid Cap | -0.7% | 5.0% | 12.9% | 2.4% | 9.5% | 9.6% | 9.0% | 13.2% |
| Russell Mid Cap Growth | 1.7% | 6.0% | 15.1% | -0.1% | 9.9% | 11.7% | 10.5% | 14.0% |
| Russell Mid Cap Value | -1.6% | 4.5% | 12.0% | 3.7% | 8.5% | 7.7% | 7.6% | 12.5% |
| Russell 2000 | -0.9% | 1.7% | 10.1% | -2.6% | 6.9% | 6.8% | 7.0% | 11.2% |
| Russell 2000 Growth | -0.2% | 4.4% | 9.1% | -4.9% | 6.2% | 7.3% | 7.4% | 11.6% |
| Russell 2000 Value | -1.7% | -0.8% | 10.9% | -0.5% | 7.1% | 5.9% | 6.2% | 10.6% |
| ASCI ACWI | 2.2% | 11.3% | 19.4% | 5.4% | 10.8% | 10.0% | 8.4% | 10.3% |
| MSCI ACWI ex. U.S. | -0.1% | 5.7% | 11.6% | 0.5% | 5.5% | 5.2% | 3.8% | 6.2% |
| MSCI EAFE | -1.6% | 5.3% | 11.5% | 2.9% | 6.5% | 5.7% | 4.3% | 6.8% |
| MSCI EAFE Growth | -0.4% | 6.2% | 9.4% | 0.1% | 6.5% | 6.6% | 5.4% | 7.6% |
| MSCI EAFE Value | -2.8% | 4.5% | 13.7% | 5.5% | 6.1% | 4.6% | 3.0% | 5.7% |
| MSCI EAFE Small Cap | -3.0% | 0.5% | 7.8% | -3.4% | 4.2% | 3.7% | 4.3% | 7.8% |
| ASCI Emerging Markets | 3.9% | 7.5% | 12.5% | -5.1% | 3.1% | 3.5% | 2.8% | 4.9% |
| Nternatives | MTD | YTD | 1YR | 3YR | 5YR | 7YR | 10YR | 15YR |
| Consumer Price Index* | #N/A |
| FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs | 2.9% | -0.1% | 7.8% | 0.3% | 3.9% | 4.9% | 5.9% | 11.5% |
| S&P Real Assets | -0.5% | -0.1% | 5.9% | 0.5% | 3.4% | 4.1% | 2.9% | 6.2% |
| TSE EPRA NAREIT Developed | 0.5% | -3.2% | 5.7% | -3.8% | 0.3% | 2.3% | 3.0% | 7.6% |
| TSE EPRA NAREIT Developed ex U.S. | -3.0% | -7.1% | 3.9% | -9.0% | -3.7% | -0.4% | 0.1% | 4.4% |
| Bloomberg Commodity Total Return | -1.5% | 5.1% | 5.0% | 5.7% | 7.2% | 5.1% | -1.3% | -0.2% |
| HFRI Fund of Funds Composite* | 0.8% | 4.6% | 9.7% | 2.2% | 5.1% | 4.3% | 3.6% | 3.8% |
| HFRI Asset Weighted Composite* | 0.2% | 5.7% | 9.6% | 3.9% | 4.8% | 4.3% | 3.8% | 5.0% |
| Alerian MLP | 4.5% | 17.7% | 35.8% | 22.7% | 12.2% | 8.3% | 2.0% | 9.5% |

Total Return as of June 30, 2024 Periods greater than one year are annualized

Sources: Morningstar, FactSet. As of June 30, 2024. *Consumer Price Index and HFRI indexes as of May 31, 2024.

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Disclosures and Definitions

This report is intended for the exclusive use of clients or prospective clients (the "recipient") of Concurrent Investment Advisors and the information contained herein is confidential and the dissemination or distribution to any other person without the prior approval of Concurrent Investment Advisors is strictly prohibited. Information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, though not independently verified. Any forecasts are hypothetical and represent future expectations and not actual return volatilities and correlations will differ from forecasts. This report does not represent a specific investment recommendation. The opinions and analysis expressed herein are based on Concurrent Investment Advisor research and professional experience and are expressed as of the date of this report. Please consult with your advisor, attorney and accountant, as appropriate, regarding specific advice. Past performance does not indicate future performance and there is risk of loss.

When referencing asset class returns or statistics, the following indices are used to represent those asset classes, unless otherwise noted. Each index is unmanaged, and investors can not actually invest directly into an index:

TIPS: Bloomberg Global Inflation-Linked: U.S. TIPS Total Return Index Unhedged Municipals 5-Year: Bloomberg Municipal Bond 5 Year (4-6) Total Return Index Unhedged USD Core Bond: Bloomberg US Aggregate Total Return Index USD High Yield Municipals: Bloomberg Muni High Yield Total Return Index Value Unhedged USD High Yield: Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index USD U.S. Long Duration: Bloomberg US Aggregate Government & Credit - Long Foreign Bond: Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Total Return Index Value USD (50/50 blend of hedged and unhedged) Real Assets: S&P Real Assets U.S. Large Cap: Russell 1000 Total Return Index U.S. Small Cap: Russell 2000 Total Return Index International Developed: MSCI EAFE Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets: MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return USD Index U.S. Equity REITs: FTSE Nareit Equity REITs Total Return Index USD Commodities: Bloomberg Commodity Total Return Index Hedge Funds: Hedge Fund Research HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index Foreign Bond: Bloomberg Global Aggregate x USD Total Return Unhedged U.S. Core Bond: Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Total Return Index USD U.S. High Yield: Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Total Return Index USD U.S. MBS: Bloomberg U.S. MBS (30Y) Total Return Index U.S. All Cap: Russell 3000 Total Return Index U.S. Large Cap: Russell 1000 Total Return Index U.S. Small Cap: Russell 2000 Total Return Index US Value: Russell 3000 Value Total Return Index US Growth: Russell 3000 Growth Total Return Index International Developed All Cap: MSCI EAFE IMI Net Total Return USD Index International Developed Large Cap: MSCI EAFE Large Cap Net Total Return USD Index International Developed Small Cap: MSCI EAFE Small Cap Net Total Return USD Index International Developed Value: MSCI EAFE Value Net Total Return USD Index International Developed Growth: MSCI EAFE Growth Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets All Cap: MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets Large Cap: MSCI Emerging Markets Large Cap Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets Small Cap: MSCI Emerging Markets Small Cap Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets Value: MSCI Emerging Markets Value Net Total Return USD Index Emerging Markets Growth: MSCI Emerging Markets Growth Net Total Return USD Index

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Material Risks & Limitations

Fixed Income securities are subject to interest rate risks, the risk of default and liquidity risk. U.S. investors exposed to non-U.S. fixed income may also be subject to currency risk and fluctuations.

Cash may be subject to the loss of principal and over longer period of time may lose purchasing power due to inflation.

Domestic Equity can be volatile. The rise or fall in prices take place for a number of reasons including, but not limited to changes to underlying company conditions, sector or industry factors, or other macro events. These may happen quickly and unpredictably.

International Equity can be volatile. The rise or fall in prices take place for a number of reasons including, but not limited to changes to underlying company conditions, sector or industry impacts, or other macro events. These may happen quickly and unpredictably. International equity allocations may also be impact by currency and/or country specific risks which may result in lower liquidity in some markets.

Real Assets can be volatile and may include asset segments that may have greater volatility than investment in traditional equity securities. Such volatility could be influenced by a myriad of factors including, but not limited to overall market volatility, changes in interest rates, political and regulatory developments, or other exogenous events like weather or natural disaster.

Private Equity involves higher risk and is suitable only for sophisticated investors. Along with traditional equity market risks, private equity investments are also subject to higher fees, lower liquidity and the potential for leverage that may amplify volatility and/or the potential loss of capital.

Private Credit involves higher risk and is suitable only for sophisticated investors. These assets are subject to interest rate risks, the risk of default and limited liquidity. U.S. investors exposed to non-U.S. private credit may also be subject to currency risk and fluctuations.

Private Real Estate involves higher risk and is suitable only for sophisticated investors. Real estate assets can be volatile and may include unique risks to the asset class like leverage and/or industry, sector or geographical concentration. Declines in real estate value may take place for a number of reasons including, but are not limited to economic conditions, change in condition of the underlying property or defaults by the borrow.

Marketable Alternatives involves higher risk and is suitable only for sophisticated investors. Along with traditional market risks, marketable alternatives are also subject to higher fees, lower liquidity and the potential for leverage that may amplify volatility or the potential for loss of capital. Additionally, short selling involved certain risks including, but not limited to additional costs, and the potential for unlimited loss on certain short sale positions.

Disclosures – Index & Benchmark Definitions

Index & Benchmark Definitions

Fixed Income

- Bloomberg 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index is designed to measure the performance
 of public obligations of the U.S. Treasury that have a remaining maturity of greater than or
 equal to 1 month and less than 3 months.
- Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index covers the U.S. investment grade fixed rate bond market, with index components for government and corporate securities, mortgage passthrough securities, and asset-backed securities.
- Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex. USD Indices represent a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets. The two major components of this index are the Pan-European Aggregate and the Asian-Pacific Aggregate Indices. The index also includes Eurodollar and Euro-Yen corporate bonds and Canadian government, agency and corporate securities.
- Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index covers the universe of fixed rate, noninvestment grade debt. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets (sovereign rating of Baa1/BBB+/BBB+ and below using the middle of Moody's, S&P, and Fitch) are excluded, but Canadian and global bonds (SEC registered) of issuers in non-EMG countries are included.
- Bloomberg US Government/Credit 1-3 Year Index is the 1-3 year component of the U.S. Government/Credit Index, which includes securities in the Government and Credit Indices. The Government Index includes treasuries and agencies, while the credit index includes publicly issued U.S. corporate and foreign debentures and secured notes that meet specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.
- Bloomberg US Government/Credit Long Index is the Long component of the U.S. Government/Credit Index, which includes securities in the Government and Credit Indices. The Government Index includes treasuries and agencies, while the credit index includes publicly issued U.S. corporate and foreign debentures and secured notes that meet specified maturity, liquidity and quality requirements.
- Bloomberg US Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index consists of Inflation-Protection securities issued by the U.S. Treasury.
- **Bloomberg Muni Index** is a rules-based, market-value-weighted index engineered for the long-term tax-exempt bond market. Bonds must be rated investment-grade by at least two ratings agencies.
- Bloomberg High Yield Municipal Bond Index covers the universe of fixed rate, noninvestment grade debt.
- Bloomberg Intermediate U.S. Gov't/Credit is the Intermediate component of the U.S. Government/Credit index, which includes securities in the Government and Credit Indices. The Government Index includes treasuries and agencies, while the credit index includes publicly issued U.S. corporate and foreign debentures and secured notes that meet specified maturity, liquidity, and quality requirements.
- JPMorgan GBI-EM Global Diversified tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments, whose debt is accessible by most of the international investor base.

Equity

 The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries. Russell 3000 Value Index measures the performance of those Russell 3000 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

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- Russell 3000 Index is a market-cap-weighted index which consists of roughly 3,000 of the largest companies in the U.S. as determined by market capitalization. It represents nearly 98% of the investable U.S. equity market.
- Russell 3000 Growth Index measures the performance of those Russell 3000 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 1000 Value Index** measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- Russell 1000 Index consists of the largest 1000 companies in the Russell 3000 Index.
- **Russell 1000 Growth Index** measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell Mid Cap Value Index** measures the performance of those Russell Mid Cap companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- Russell Mid Cap Index measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index.
- Russell Mid Cap Growth Index measures the performance of those Russell Mid Cap companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- **Russell 2000 Value Index** measures the performance of those Russell 2000 companies with lower P/B ratios and lower forecasted growth values.
- Russell 2000 consists of the 2,000 smallest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 index.
- **Russell 2000 Growth Index** measures the performance of the Russell 2000 companies with higher P/B ratios and higher forecasted growth values.
- MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) ex. U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across Developed Markets countries (excluding the United States) and Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 85% of the global equity opportunity set outside the U.S.
- **MSCI ACWI Index** captures large and mid cap representation across Developed Markets and Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 85% of the global investable opportunity set.
- **MSCI EAFE IMI Index** is an equity index which captures large, mid and small cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the U.S. and Canada. The index covers approximately 99% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- MSCI EAFE Value Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield.
- MSCI EAFE Index is an equity index which captures large and mid-cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the U.S. and Canada. The index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.



Disclosures – Index & Benchmark Definitions

- MSCI EAFE Growth Index captures large and mid cap securities exhibiting overall growth style characteristics across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.
- MSCI EAFE Large Cap Index is an equity index which captures large cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The index covers approximately 70% of the free-float adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- MSCI EAFE Small Cap Index is an equity index which captures small cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the US and Canada. The index covers approximately 14% of the free float adjusted market in each country.
- MSCI ACWI (All Country World Index) ex. U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across Developed Markets countries (excluding the United States) and Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 85% of the global equity opportunity set outside the U.S.
- MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index captures large, mid and small cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 99% of the freefloat adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- MSCI Emerging Markets Value Index captures large and mid-cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across Emerging Markets countries. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield.
- MSCI Emerging Markets Index captures large and mid-cap representation across Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 85% of the free-float adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- MSCI Emerging Markets Growth Index captures large and mid-cap representation across Emerging Markets countries. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, shortterm forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical EPS growth trend and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.
- MSCI Emerging Markets Index captures large and mid-cap representation across Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 85% of the free-float adjusted market capitalization in each country.
- MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Small Cap Index includes small cap representation across Emerging Markets countries. The index covers approximately 14% of the free floatadjusted market capitalization in each country. The small cap segment tends to capture more local economic and sector characteristics relative to larger Emerging Markets capitalization segments.

Alternatives & Miscellaneous

- S&P Real Asset Index is designed to measure global property, infrastructure, commodities, and inflation-linked bonds using liquid and investable component indices that track public equities, fixed income, and futures. In the index, equity holds 50% weight, commodities 10%, and fixed income 40%.
- FTSE Nareit Equity REITs Index contains all Equity REITs not designed as Timber REITs or Infrastructure REITs.
- FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index is designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITS worldwide.
- **FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed ex US Index** is a subset of the FTSE EPRA Nareit Developed Index and is designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITS in developed markets excluding the US.
- **Bloomberg Commodity Index** is calculated on an excess return basis and reflects commodity futures price movements. The index rebalances annually weighted 2/3 by trading volume and 1/3 by world production and weight-caps are applied at the commodity, sector and group level for diversification.
- HFRI Asset Weighted Composite Index is a global, asset-weighted index comprised of single-manager funds that report to HFR Database. Constituent funds report monthly net of all fees performance in US Dollar and have a minimum of \$50 Million under management or \$10 Million under management and a twelve (12) month track record of active performance. The HFRI Asset Weighted Composite Index does not include Funds of Hedge Funds. The constituent funds of the HFRI Asset Weighted Composite Index are weighted according to the AUM reported by each fund for the prior month.
- HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index is a global, equal-weighted index of all fund of hedge funds that report to the HFR Database. Constituent funds report monthly net of all fees performance in U.S. Dollars and have a minimum of \$50 million under management or a twelve (12) month track record of active performance.
- **The Alerian MLP Index** is a float adjusted, capitalization-weighted index, whose constituents represent approximately 85% of total float-adjusted market capitalization, is disseminated real-time on a price-return basis (AMZ) and on a total-return basis.

Additional Information

- Equity sector returns are calculated by S&P, Russell, and MSCI for domestic and international markets, respectively. S&P and MSCI sector definitions correspond to the GICS[®] classification (Global Industry Classification System); Russell uses its own sector and industry classifications.
- MSCI country indices are free float-adjusted market capitalization indices that are designed to measure equity market performance of approximately 85% of the market capitalization in each specific country.
- Currency returns are calculated using FactSet's historical spot rates and are calculated using the U.S. dollar as the base currency.